

## Cleaning and Disinfection for COVID-19

Increasing the frequency of cleaning and disinfecting high-touch surfaces is significant in controlling the spread of viruses, and other microorganisms. All surfaces, especially those general surfaces that are frequently touched, such as door knobs, handrails, etc., should be cleaned at least twice daily and when soiled.

When choosing an environmental cleaning product, it is important to follow product instructions for dilution, contact time and safe use, and to ensure that the product is:

- Registered in Canada with a Drug Identification Number (DIN)
- Labelled as a broad-spectrum virucide

All soiled surfaces should be cleaned before disinfecting, unless otherwise stated on the product.

The following hard-surface disinfectant products meet Health Canada's requirements for emerging viral pathogens. These authorized disinfectants may be used against SARS-CoV-2, the coronavirus that causes COVID-19. <https://www.canada.ca/en/health-canada/services/drugs-health-products/disinfectants/covid-19/list.html>

If using household bleach, the following is recommended:

| Disinfectant   | Concentration and Instructions  |
|--|---|
| Chlorine: household bleach – sodium hypochlorite (5.25%) | 1000 ppm <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• 1 teaspoon (5 ml) bleach to 1 cup (250 ml) water or</li> <li>• 4 teaspoons (20 ml) bleach to 1 litre (1000 ml) water</li> <li>• Allow surface to air dry naturally</li> </ul> |

### Precautions when using bleach

- Always follow safety precautions and the manufacturer's directions when working with concentrated solutions of bleach. To avoid injury, use appropriate personal protective equipment during handling (read the label and refer to the material safety data sheet).
- Chlorine bleach solution might damage some surfaces (e.g., metals, some plastics).
- Never mix ammonia products with bleach or bleach-containing products. This practice produces chlorine gas - a very toxic gas that can cause severe breathing problems, choking and potentially death.
- Clean the surface before using the chlorine bleach solution.
- A bottle of bleach has a shelf life, so check the bottle for an expiry date.
- Do not pre-mix the water and bleach solution, as it loses potency over time. Make a fresh solution every day.